

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
EASTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI  
EASTERN DIVISION**

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,                  )  
  )  
Plaintiff,                                      )  
  )       **No. 4:19-CR-00822-HEA**  
v.    )  
  )  
CHARLES EDWARD KATES, JR.,                )  
  )  
Defendant.                                     )  
  )

**GUILTY-PLEA AGREEMENT**

Come now the parties and hereby agree, as follows:

**1. PARTIES:**

The parties are the defendant Charles Edward Kates, Jr., represented by defense counsel Henry M. Miller, Jr., and the United States of America (hereinafter "United States" or "Government"), represented by the Office of the United States Attorney for the Eastern District of Missouri. This agreement does not, and is not intended to, bind any governmental office or agency other than the United States Attorney for the Eastern District of Missouri. The Court is neither a party to nor bound by this agreement.

**2. GUILTY PLEA:**

**A. The Plea:** Pursuant to Rule 11(c)(1)(A), of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, in exchange for Defendant's voluntary plea of guilty to Count One of the Indictment, the United States agrees to move for the dismissal as to Defendant of Counts Six and Seven at the time of sentencing. Moreover, the United States agrees that no further federal prosecution will

be brought in this District relative to Defendant's violations of federal law, known to the United States at this time, arising out of the events set forth in the Indictment.

**B. The Sentence:** The parties agree that the recommendations contained herein fairly and accurately set forth some guidelines that may be applicable to this case. The parties further agree that because the Government will not charge Defendant for engaging in an attempted Hobbs Act robbery of co-Defendant Demetrius Thomas or discharging his firearm in furtherance of a drug-trafficking crime, the parties jointly recommend a sentence of 75 months, which is greater than the anticipated guideline range calculated under Section 2K2.1(a) and (b), but less than the anticipated guideline range calculated under Section 2K2.1(c).

**3. ELEMENTS:**

As to Count One, Defendant admits to knowingly violating Title 18, United States Code, Section 922(g)(1), and admits there is a factual basis for the plea and further fully understands that the elements of the crime are as follows:

- (i) Defendant had been convicted of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year;
- (ii) Defendant, thereafter, knowingly possessed a firearm;
- (iii) At the time Defendant knowingly possessed a firearm, he knew he had been convicted of a crime punishable by imprisonment for more than one year; and
- (iv) The firearm was transported across a state line at some point during or before Defendant's possession of it.

**4. FACTS:**

The parties agree that the facts in this case are as follows and that the United States would prove these facts beyond a reasonable doubt if the case were to go to trial. These facts may be considered as relevant conduct pursuant to Section 1B1.3:

On April 28, 2019, Co-Defendant Demetrius Thomas was in his residence in the City of St. Louis, within the Eastern District of Missouri, when three individuals, including Defendant Charles Kates, Jr., came to his house intending to rob Thomas of his drugs and drug proceeds. Thomas was in his bedroom counting cash earned from drug distribution when he heard Kates and Kates's associates outside his home. Thomas exited his residence and an altercation ensued between Kates and Kates's associates on the one side and Thomas on the other. In the ensuing incident, both sides discharged their firearms. Thomas was shot numerous times and dragged himself through his yard to a vehicle. Thomas removed the magazine from his firearm, which police recovered from the ground. Thomas placed the firearm, now missing its magazine, on top of the tire of the vehicle to which he crawled. Kates, who was also shot, and his two associates fled the scene. Kates dropped his firearm, a Colt 1911 .45 caliber semiautomatic handgun, on the sidewalk as he fled. Kates's firearm was found to be unloaded, Kates having shot all the ammunition it had contained.

Police responded to the scene and Thomas was transported to the hospital with severe injuries. He sustained fourteen separate gunshot wounds. Kates sustained a single gunshot wound to his ankle. Police searched Thomas's residence and found marijuana in the basement. Police also searched the living areas of Thomas's residence and found marijuana, cocaine, crack cocaine, methamphetamine, heroin, and a fentanyl precursor. In total, police recovered 4.8

kilograms marijuana, 84.57 grams cocaine, 21.72 grams methamphetamine, 8.8 grams crack cocaine, and 1.78 grams heroin. Police also recovered \$5,682 cash in Thomas's bedroom. Kates was later identified as a participant in the attempted robbery of Thomas because after getting shot, he bled on the firearm that he dropped when fleeing.

In the overnight hours of July 21-22, 2019, Kates was recorded on security cameras discharging a firearm into the air outside his home in a residential neighborhood in St. Louis. On July 23, 2019, police recovered a carjacked vehicle parked outside Kates's residence. The vehicle contained a firearm, a Kel-Tec Sub 2000 .40 caliber semiautomatic AR-style pistol, that was similar to the firearm Kates was seen shooting July 21-22. The Kel-Tec firearm was loaded with 1 round in the chamber and 23 rounds in a 50-round drum magazine. The vehicle also contained personal items of Kates. In a later interview, Kates admitted that the Kel-Tec firearm was the firearm he discharged into the air two nights prior to the seizure.

On August 13, 2019, police served a search warrant at Kates's home within the City of St. Louis. Kates was found asleep on the living room couch. Underneath the couch on which he lay, police found an Anderson Manufacturing make, AM-15 model .300 BLK caliber semi-automatic AR-style pistol. Kates had received possession of that firearm from a friend the previous night.

The Colt handgun, Kel-Tec AR-style pistol, and AM-15 AR-style pistol were each determined by an expert firearms examiner to have been manufactured outside the State of Missouri, and, therefore, each gun had been transported across state lines and in interstate commerce prior to or during Defendant's possession. Each gun can expel a projectile by the action of an explosive and is, therefore, a "firearm" as defined under federal law.

Prior to April 28, 2019, Defendant was convicted of at least one felony crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year. At the time Defendant possessed each of the aforementioned firearms, he knew he had been convicted of a crime punishable by a term of imprisonment exceeding one year.

**5. STATUTORY PENALTIES:**

Defendant fully understands that the maximum possible penalty provided by law for the crime to which Defendant is pleading guilty is imprisonment of not more than ten years, a fine of not more than \$250,000, or both such imprisonment and fine. The Court also may impose a period of supervised release of not more than three years.

In certain situations under Title 18, United States Code, Section 924(e)(Armed Career Criminal), Defendant may be subject to a mandatory minimum sentence of imprisonment of fifteen (15) years and a maximum of life, a fine of not more than \$250,000, or both such imprisonment and fine, and a term of supervised release of not more than five years. Defendant is pleading guilty with full knowledge of these possibilities, has discussed these possibilities with counsel and will not be able to withdraw the guilty plea if the Court determines the foregoing statute applies to Defendant's sentence.

**6. U.S. SENTENCING GUIDELINES: 2018 MANUAL**

Defendant understands that this offense is affected by the U.S. Sentencing Guidelines and the actual sentencing range is determined by both the Total Offense Level and the Criminal History Category. The parties agree that the following are the U.S. Sentencing Guidelines Total Offense Level provisions that apply.

**A. Chapter 2 Offense Conduct:**

i. **Base Offense Level:** The parties agree that the Base Offense Level is found in Section 2K2.1(a) or 2K2.1(c)(1) and depends on, among other things, the nature of Defendant's criminal history and the characteristics of the firearm. The Base Offense Level may also be determined under Section 4B1.4 if Defendant is determined to be an Armed Career Criminal.

ii. **Specific Offense Characteristics:** The parties agree that the following Specific Offense Characteristics apply: (1) two-level enhancement pursuant to 2K2.1(b)(1)(A) for possessing three firearms; and (2) four-level enhancement pursuant to 2K2.1(b)(6)(B) for possessing a firearm in connection to an assault, attempted burglary, and attempted Hobbs Act robbery. The cross reference of 2K2.1(c)(1) may also apply.

**B. Chapter 3 Adjustments:**

i. **Acceptance of Responsibility:** The parties recommend that two levels should be deducted pursuant to Sentencing Guidelines Section 3E1.1(a) because Defendant has clearly demonstrated acceptance of responsibility. If the deduction pursuant to Sentencing Guidelines Section 3E1.1(a) is applied, and if Defendant is otherwise eligible, then the United States moves to deduct one additional level pursuant to Sentencing Guidelines Section 3E1.1(b)(2), because Defendant timely notified authorities of the intention to enter a plea of guilty, thereby permitting the United States to avoid preparing for trial and permitting the Court to allocate its resources efficiently.

The parties agree that if Defendant does not abide by all of the agreements made within this document, Defendant's failure to comply is grounds for the loss of acceptance of responsibility pursuant to Sentencing Guidelines Section 3E1.1. The parties further agree that Defendant's

eligibility for a reduction pursuant to Sentencing Guidelines Section 3E1.1 is based upon the information known at the present time and that any actions of Defendant which occur or which become known to the United States subsequent to this agreement and are inconsistent with Defendant's acceptance of responsibility including, but not limited to criminal conduct, are grounds for the loss of acceptance of responsibility pursuant to Sentencing Guidelines Section 3E1.1. In any event, the parties agree that all of the remaining provisions of this agreement remain valid and in full force and effect.

**C. Estimated Total Offense Level:** The parties agree that the Total Offense Level will depend on the Base Offense Level determined pursuant to Section 2K2.1(a) or 2K2.1(c)(1), along with other relevant factors stated above, unless Defendant is an Armed Career Criminal. Depending on the underlying offense and Defendant's criminal history, Defendant could be an Armed Career Criminal pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 924(e) and Section 4B1.4. If the Court finds Defendant is an Armed Career Criminal, the Total Offense Level may be higher and the Criminal History Category may be as high as Category VI. Defendant has discussed these possibilities with defense counsel. Both parties reserve the right to argue that Defendant is or is not an Armed Career Criminal.

**D. Criminal History:** The determination of Defendant's Criminal History Category shall be left to the Court. Either party may challenge, before and at sentencing, the finding of the Presentence Report as to Defendant's criminal history and the applicable category. Defendant's criminal history is known to Defendant and is substantially available in the Pretrial Services Report.

**E.      Effect of Parties' U.S. Sentencing Guidelines Analysis:** The parties agree that the Court is not bound by the Guidelines analysis agreed to herein. The parties may not have foreseen all applicable Guidelines. The Court may, in its discretion, apply or not apply any Guideline despite the agreement herein and the parties shall not be permitted to withdraw from the plea agreement.

**7.      WAIVER OF APPEAL AND POST-CONVICTION RIGHTS:**

**A.      Appeal:** Defendant has been fully apprised by defense counsel of Defendant's rights concerning appeal and fully understands the right to appeal the sentence under Title 18, United States Code, Section 3742.

i.      **Non-Sentencing Issues:** The parties waive all rights to appeal all non-jurisdictional, non-sentencing issues, including, but not limited to, any issues relating to pretrial motions, discovery and the guilty plea.

ii.      **Sentencing Issues:** In the event the Court accepts the plea and sentences Defendant consistent with or below the parties' jointly recommended sentence of 75 months, then, as part of this agreement, Defendant hereby waives all rights to appeal all sentencing issues other than Criminal History. Similarly, the United States hereby waives all rights to appeal all sentencing issues other than Criminal History, provided the Court accepts the plea and sentences Defendant consistent with or above the parties' jointly recommended sentence of 75 months.

**B.      Habeas Corpus:** Defendant agrees to waive all rights to contest the conviction or sentence in any post-conviction proceeding, including one pursuant to Title 28, United States Code, Section 2255, except for claims of prosecutorial misconduct or ineffective assistance of counsel.

**C. Right to Records:** Defendant waives all rights, whether asserted directly or by a representative, to request from any department or agency of the United States any records pertaining to the investigation or prosecution of this case, including any records that may be sought under the Freedom of Information Act, Title 5, United States Code, Section 522, or the Privacy Act, Title 5, United States Code, Section 552(a).

**8. OTHER:**

**A. Disclosures Required by the United States Probation Office:** Defendant agrees to truthfully complete and sign forms as required by the United States Probation Office prior to sentencing and consents to the release of these forms and any supporting documentation by the United States Probation Office to the United States.

**B. Civil or Administrative Actions not Barred; Effect on Other Governmental Agencies:** Nothing contained herein limits the rights and authority of the United States to take any civil, tax, immigration/deportation or administrative action against Defendant.

**C. Supervised Release:** Pursuant to any supervised release term, the Court will impose standard conditions upon Defendant and may impose special conditions related to the crime Defendant committed. These conditions will be restrictions on Defendant to which Defendant will be required to adhere. Violation of the conditions of supervised release resulting in revocation may require Defendant to serve a term of imprisonment equal to the length of the term of supervised release, but not greater than the term set forth in Title 18, United States Code, Section 3583(e)(3), without credit for the time served after release. Defendant understands that parole has been abolished.

**D. Mandatory Special Assessment:** This offense is subject to the provisions of the Criminal Fines Improvement Act of 1987 and the Court is required to impose a mandatory special assessment of \$100 per count for a total of \$100, which Defendant agrees to pay at the time of sentencing. Money paid by Defendant toward any restitution or fine imposed by the Court shall be first used to pay any unpaid mandatory special assessment.

**E. Possibility of Detention:** Defendant may be subject to immediate detention pursuant to the provisions of Title 18, United States Code, Section 3143.

**F. Fines and Costs of Incarceration and Supervision:** The Court may impose a fine, costs of incarceration, and costs of supervision. Defendant agrees that any fine imposed by the Court will be due and payable immediately.

**G. Forfeiture:** Defendant agrees to forfeit all of Defendant's interest in all items seized by law-enforcement officials during the course of their investigation. Defendant admits that all United States currency, weapons, property, and assets seized by law enforcement officials during their investigation constitute the proceeds of Defendant's illegal activity, were commingled with illegal proceeds, or were used to facilitate the illegal activity. Defendant agrees to execute any documents and take all steps needed to transfer title or ownership of said items to the United States and to rebut the claims of nominees and/or alleged third party owners. Defendant further agrees that said items may be disposed of by law enforcement officials in any manner.

**9. ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND WAIVER OF DEFENDANT'S RIGHTS:**

In pleading guilty, Defendant acknowledges, fully understands and hereby waives his rights, including but not limited to: the right to plead not guilty to the charges; the right to be tried by a jury in a public and speedy trial; the right to file pretrial motions, including motions to

suppress or exclude evidence; the right at such trial to a presumption of innocence; the right to require the United States to prove the elements of the offenses charged against Defendant beyond a reasonable doubt; the right not to testify; the right not to present any evidence; the right to be protected from compelled self-incrimination; the right at trial to confront and cross-examine adverse witnesses; the right to testify and present evidence and the right to compel the attendance of witnesses. Defendant further understands that by this guilty plea, Defendant expressly waives all the rights set forth in this paragraph.

Defendant fully understands that Defendant has the right to be represented by counsel, and if necessary, to have the Court appoint counsel at trial and at every other stage of the proceeding. Defendant's counsel has explained these rights and the consequences of the waiver of these rights. Defendant fully understands that, as a result of the guilty plea, no trial will, in fact, occur and that the only action remaining to be taken in this case is the imposition of the sentence.

Defendant is fully satisfied with the representation received from defense counsel. Defendant has reviewed the United States' evidence and discussed the United States' case and all possible defenses and defense witnesses with defense counsel. Defense counsel has completely and satisfactorily explored all areas which Defendant has requested relative to the United States' case and any defenses.

**10. VOLUNTARY NATURE OF THE GUILTY PLEA AND PLEA AGREEMENT:**

This document constitutes the entire agreement between Defendant and the United States, and no other promises or inducements have been made, directly or indirectly, by any agent of the United States, including any Department of Justice attorney, concerning any plea to be entered in this case. In addition, Defendant states that no person has, directly or indirectly, threatened or

coerced Defendant to do or refrain from doing anything in connection with any aspect of this case, including entering a plea of guilty.

Defendant acknowledges having voluntarily entered into both the plea agreement and the guilty plea. Defendant further acknowledges that this guilty plea is made of Defendant's own free will and that Defendant is, in fact, guilty.

**11. CONSEQUENCES OF POST-PLEA MISCONDUCT:**

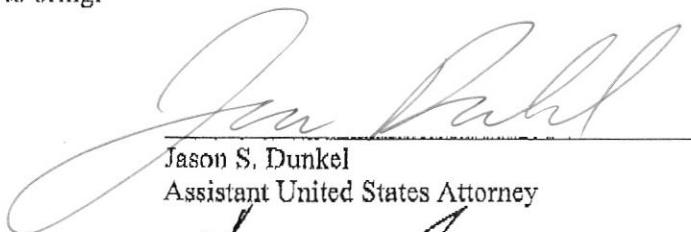
After pleading guilty and before sentencing, if Defendant commits any crime, other than minor traffic offenses, violates any conditions of release that results in revocation, violates any term of this guilty-plea agreement, intentionally provides misleading, incomplete or untruthful information to the U.S. Probation Office or fails to appear for sentencing, the United States, at its option, may be released from its obligations under this agreement. The United States may also, in its discretion, proceed with this agreement and may advocate for any sentencing position supported by the facts, including but not limited to obstruction of justice and denial of acceptance of responsibility.

12. **NO RIGHT TO WITHDRAW GUILTY PLEA:**

Pursuant to Rule 11(c) and (d), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, Defendant understands that there will be no right to withdraw the plea entered under this agreement, except where the Court rejects those portions of the plea agreement that deal with charges the United States agrees to dismiss or not to bring.

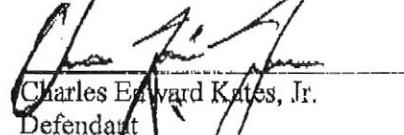
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Date

  
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Jason S. Dunkel  
Assistant United States Attorney

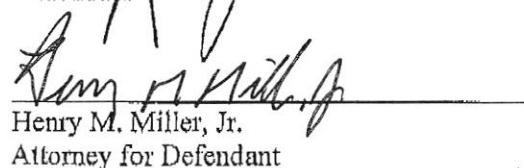
06-20-20

Date

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Charles Edward Kates, Jr.  
Defendant

6.24.2020

Date

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Henry M. Miller, Jr.  
Attorney for Defendant